



*Survey*  
**ECONÓMIC VARIABLES  
EXPECTATIONS - EVE\***

June  
2022



Año 2016

*\*Spanish version prevails*

**CENTRAL BANK OF PARAGUAY**

Federación Rusa y Augusto Roa Bastos

[www.bcp.gov.py](http://www.bcp.gov.py)

Asunción - Paraguay





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## Variables Expectations (EVE)

One of the fundamental objectives of the Central Bank of Paraguay (BCP for its Spanish acronym) is to preserve and ensure the stability of the currency. To accomplish this, the BCP implements an “Inflation Targeting” scheme since 2011, which is aimed to maintain expectations of the economic agents around the inflation target. Therefore, building indicators capable of measuring and synthesizing expectations of the economic agents complements the necessary information for the effective implementation of the monetary policy.

In this regard, the BCP, following the best practices of central banks, monthly prepares the “Economic Variables Expectations (EVE)” survey, which allows knowing the forecast of the economic agents about the evolution of the main macroeconomic variables. The information is collected in a monthly basis since 2006, and it is based on a panel of respondents who are representatives of the most important economic sectors.

## What is EVE survey?

It is a survey made by the BCP that summarizes expectations of the economic agents regarding main economic variables for different times periods: the end of the current month and following month, the current year; the next 12 months of the following year and for the horizon of Monetary Policy (around 18 and 24 months).

## Which are the surveyed economic variables?

Survey questions are divided into four main groups including inflation, US dollar nominal exchange rate, GDP growth and monetary policy interest rate.

## Who are the respondents?

The survey is carried out to a representative panel of the main economic sectors such as banks, financial institutions, credit rating agencies, brokerage firms, consulting firms, independents analysts and economic organizations.

## What are the results used for?

The results allow the BCP to collect expectations of the main economic agents. These reflect the degree of confidence in the economy and the implemented monetary policy. Also, the results complement a set of information analyzed in the monetary-policy decision-making process.



# Economic Variables Expectations Survey (EVE)

June 2022

## Current month results

| VARIABLES                                | June Expectations |
|--|-------------------|
| <b>Inflation (CPI Percentage Change)</b> |                   |
| Monthly (June 2022)                      | 0.5%              |
| Following month (July 2022)              | 0.4%              |
| Year 2022                                | 8.2%              |
| Year 2023                                | 5.3%              |
| Next 12 months (June 2023)               | 5.1%              |
| Monetary Policy Horizon (June 2024)      | 4.5%              |
| <b>Nominal Exchange Rate G/USD</b>       |                   |
| Monthly (June 2022)                      | 6,870             |
| Following month (July 2022)              | 6,900             |
| Year 2022                                | 6,950             |
| Year 2023                                | 6,980             |
| <b>GDP (Percentage Change)</b>           |                   |
| Year 2022                                | 0.2%              |
| Year 2023                                | 4.0%              |
| <b>Monetary Policy Rate (MPR)</b>        |                   |
| Monthly (June 2022)                      | 7.50%             |
| Following month (July 2022)              | 7.50%             |
| Year 2022                                | 7.50%             |
| Year 2023                                | 6.38%             |

Source: BCP based on EVE survey.



According to June EVE survey results, economic agents expect the inflation to be 8.2% by the end of 2022 and 5.3% by the end of 2023. For the next 12 months agents expect inflation to be 5.1% and for the Monetary Policy Horizon (around 18 and 24 months), agents expect inflation to be 4.5%.

For the current month, the median monthly inflation expectation rate is 0.5%, higher than the expectations registered on the same month of the previous year (0.3%) but lower than the previous month expectations (0.6%). For July 2022, the economic agents expect the monthly inflation to be 0.4%.

The average monthly inflation expectation is 0.4% for June 2022, percentage higher than the expectation registered during the same period of 2021 (0.3%). Thus, the annualized inflation of 2022, using the monthly average inflation expectation, would be 4.5%.

Regarding the exchange rate  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  evolution, the economic agent expectations for June is  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  6,870 (higher than the one reported the previous month for the current month,  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  6,850). The nominal exchange rate is expected to be  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  6,900 for July 2022. By the end of 2022 economic agents expect the nominal exchange rate to be  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  6,950 and by the end of 2023 economic agents expect the nominal exchange rate to be  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  6,980.

With regard to the median economic growth rate, respondents expect a rate of 0.2% for 2022 and a rate of 4.0% for 2023.

Regarding the Monetary Policy Rate (MPR), economic agents expect it to be 7.50% for both June 2022 and July 2022. Agents expect it to be 7.50% by the end of 2022 and 6.38% by the end of 2023.