



# MONTHLY REPORT

## ECONOMIC VARIABLES EXPECTATIONS – EVE\*

Survey

July 2017



\*Spanish version prevails



## Variables Expectations (EVE)

One of the fundamental objectives of the Central Bank of Paraguay (BCP for its Spanish acronym) is to preserve and ensure the stability of the currency. To accomplish this, the BCP implements an “Inflation Targeting” scheme since 2011, which is aimed to maintain expectations of the economic agents around the inflation target. Therefore, building indicators capable of measuring and synthesizing expectations of the economic agents complements the necessary information for the effective implementation of the monetary policy.

In this regard, the BCP, following the best practices of central banks, monthly prepares the “Economic Variables Expectations (EVE)” survey, which allows knowing the forecast of the economic agents about the evolution of the main macroeconomic variables. The information is collected in a monthly basis since 2006, and it is based on a panel of respondents who are representatives of the most important economic sectors.

## What is EVE survey?

It is a survey made by the BCP that summarizes expectations of the economic agents regarding main economic variables for different time periods: the end of the current month and following month; the current and following year and 2 years ahead.

## Which are the surveyed economic variables?

Survey questions are divided into four main groups including inflation, US dollar nominal exchange rate, GDP growth and monetary policy interest rate.

## Who are the respondents?

The survey is carried out to a representative panel of the main economic sectors such as banks, financial institutions, credit rating agencies, brokerage firms, consulting firms, independents analysts and economic organizations.

## What are the results used for?

The results allow the BCP to collect expectations of the main economic agents. These reflect the degree of confidence in the economy and the implemented monetary policy. Also, the results complement a set of information analyzed in the monetary-policy decision-making process.



## Current month results

VARIABLES	November Expectations
<b>Inflation (CPI Percentage Change)</b>	
Monthly (July 2017)	0,2%
Following month (August 2017)	0,2%
Year 2017	4,0%
Year 2018	4,0%
Monetary Policy Horizon (July 2019)	4,0%
<b>Nominal Exchange Rate G/USD</b>	
Monthly (July 2017)	5.550
Following month (August 2017)	5.590
Year 2017	5.720
Year 2018	5.892
<b>GDP (Percentage Change )</b>	
Year 2017	4,0%
Year 2018	4,0%
<b>Monetary Policy Rate (MPR)</b>	
Monthly (July 2017)	5,50%
Following month (August 2017)	5,50%
Year 2017	5,50%
Year 2018	5,50%

Source: BCP based on EVE survey.



According to July EVE survey results; economic agents expect the inflation to be **4.0%** by the end of 2017. For 2018 and for the Monetary Policy Horizon (around 18 and 24 months), agents expect inflation to be **4.0%**.

For the current month, the median monthly inflation expectation rate is **0.2%**, which is the same as the expectations registered on the same month of the previous year (0.2%) and lower than the previous month expectations (0.3%). The agents expect a monthly inflation of **0.2%** for August 2017.

As of July 2017, the average monthly inflation expectation is **0.3%**, which is similar to the expectations registered on the same month of 2016 (0.3%). Hence, the annualized inflation for 2017, based on the average monthly inflation expectation, would be **3.9%**.

Regarding the exchange rate  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  evolution, the economic agent expectations for July is  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  **5,550** (lower than  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  5,620 reported the previous month for the current month). The nominal exchange rate is expected to be  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  **5,590** for August 2017. By the end of 2017 and 2018 the economic agents expect the exchange rate to be  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  **5,720** and  $\text{G}/\text{USD}$  **5,892**, respectively.

With regard to the median economic growth rate the respondents expect for 2017 and 2018 rates of **4.0%**.

Regarding the **Monetary Policy Rate (MPR)**, economic agents expect it to be **5.50%** for all periods requested.